ACFE

CFE-FINANCIAL-TRANSACTIONS-AND-FRAUD-SCHEMES Exam

Certified Fraud Examiner - Financial Transactions and Fraud Schemes Exam

Questions & Answers Demo

Version: 4.0

Question: 1		
, one of the Fraud synonyms implies that deceiving so thoroughly as to obscure the truth:		
A. Deceive		
B. Delude		
C. Mislead		
D. Beguile		
	Answer: B	
Question: 2		
Which of the following must be present for a fraud to exist?		
A. A material false statementB. Knowledge that the statement was false when it was utteredC. Reliance on the fast statement by the victimD. All of the above		
	Answer: D	
Question: 3		
A person is said to be in act, when the business which he transwhich he handles, is not for his own benefit, but for another person:	sacts, or the money or property	
A. Fiduciary Capacity		
B. Embezzlement		
C. Conversion		
D. None of the above		
	Answer: A	

Question: 4	
The essential elements of a are an actual or constructive taking away of another with the without the consent and against the will of the owner and with	
A. Larceny B. Abuse C. Fiduciary D. None of the above	
	Answer: A
Question: 5	
Larceny by Fraud or deception means that:	
A. Creates or reinforce a false impressionB. Fails to correct a false impressionC. Fails to disclose a known lien, adverse claim or other legal impedimentD. All of the above	
	Answer: D
Question: 6	
In Cressey's fraud triangle, its three of the legs are Opportunity, Pressure and	
A. Violation B. Isolation C. Rationalization D. None of the above	
	Answer: C
Question: 7	

The seller's price to the buyer is not fixed or determinable when:

- A. When the price is not contingent on some future events
- B. The transaction includes an option to exchange the product for others.
- C. A service or membership fee is not subject predictable cancellation during the contract period.
- D. Payment terms are not extended for a substantial period.

Page 4

		Answer: B
Question: 8		
Which of the following are no	t of Basic types of non-sharable problems?	
A. Violation of ascribed obligateB. Business reversalsC. Physical IsolationD. Larceny by Fraud	ations	
		Answer: D
Question: 9		
CORRECT TEXT One of the simplest ways to reason for	justify unacceptable conduct and avoid guilt	t feelings is to invent a good
		Answer: Embezzling
Question: 10 Which of the following offence	Her types in which people who take the money	and run away?
A. AbscondersB. Long-term violatorsC. Offender typesD. None of the above		
		Answer: A
Question: 11		
When situational pressures and perceived opportunities are low and personal integrity is high, occupational fraud is much more likely to occur than when the opposite is true.		
A. True B. False		
		Answer: B

Question: 12		
In Fraud scale pressure, opportunity and integrity variables all results in a list of possible red flags or indicators of occupational fraud and abuse.		
A. 81 B. 82		
C. 83 D. 84		
		Answer: B
Question: 13		
can be defined as	s conduct detrimental to the organization and	to the employee.
A. Employee devianceB. Employee theftC. Employee fraudD. All of the above		
		Answer: A
Question: 14		
CORRECT TEXT is required insure a proper amount of inv	not only for theft, but for procedures to de	tect errors, avoid waste and
msure a proper amount of my	entory is maintained.	Answer: Inventory control
Question: 15		
Perceived certainty of detect	tion is directly related to employee theft for the perception that theft would be detected, In deviant behavior.	
A. True B. False		
		Answer: B

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