BCS

ASTQB Exam

ASTQB Certified Mobile tester Exam

Questions & Answers Demo

Version: 8.0

Question: 1	-				
What types of testing are expectations?	particularly	important	for mobile	applications	based on the user's
A. Suitability and Accuracy B. Usability and Performance C. Portability and Usability D. Performance and Security					
					Answer: B
Explanation: While all of these are imporperformance of a mobile apple		er has part	icularly high	expectations	s for the usability and
Question: 2	-				
If an application resides on the of application is it?	ne mobile de	evice and wa	as written sp	pecifically for	that device, what type
A. Web-based					
B. Hybrid					
C. Native					
D. Device-specific					
					Answer: C
Explanation: An application that resides or with a specific device is a nation			ner than on	a web server	and is written to work
Question: 3	-				

You are testing an application for a smart phone. You have determined that you only need to test one device from the target family of devices because the behavior of all devices in that family will be the

same for this application.

A. Poundany value analysis
A. Boundary value analysis B. Combinatorial C. Decision tables D. Equivalence Partitioning
Answer: D
Explanation: This is an example of EP where all the members of the class are expected to behave in the same manner, therefore only one member of the class needs to be tested. Combinatorial technique is not the correct answer because that would be looking to reduce the set of test devices based on creating combinations to test.
Question: 4
If you are testing a mobile application that is not safety-critical, which life cycle model is most likely to be used?
A. V-model B. Waterfall C. Mobile D. Iterative
D. Herdilve
Answer: D
Explanation: Agile, a form of iterative lifecycle models, is often used for developing mobile applications as are other iterative lifecycles. Waterfall and V-model would be used for safety-critical where more
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Explanation:

Use cases should supply the expected usage scenarios. User stories are too brief to give the scenario view. Usability requirements generally focus on the user interface requirements rather than usage

scenarios.	Requirements	specifications	are	notorious	for	not	having	much	information	regarding
actual usag	ge.									

Question: 6

In a project that is feature-rich but time-poor, which is the most reasonable approach to risk analysis?

- A. Conduct a full risk analysis, including weighted likelihood and impact ratings for each item
- B. Use a lightweight approach and assign relative importance of each identified item
- C. Skip the risk analysis step and proceed to test execution based on experience
- D. Concentrate on the functional capabilities and disregard the physical capabilities of the device since those should be tested by the manufacturer

Answer:	В

Explanation:

B is correct since this is a time challenged project. If there were adequate time, A might be the right answer, depending on the criticality of the product. C is never a good idea since even minimal risk analysis is needed to focus the testing. D is risky because the interaction of the application with the physical capabilities of the device still need to be tested.

Question: 7

If you are testing a mobile banking application, is it important to test the interaction between the software and the device?

- A. No, it is not necessary to extend the functional testing to cover interaction with the device
- B. Yes, using the physical device is how the user interact with the application and how the application interacts with the Internet
- C. No, if the application is developed as a native application, there is no need to test the interaction because the application is portable across many different types of devices
- D. Yes, each feature of the device should be tested to verify if it interacts with the application

Explanation:

Testing the physical device's interaction with the application is important. A is not correct because B is correct. C is not correct and a native application is developed for a specific device and is generally not portable. D is incorrect because devices have many, many features and testing all the features would be out of scope for the application under test.

You are testing a native application for a smart phone. The application allows the user to make grocery lists on the phone and store up to three lists at a time. A list can contain up to 50 items. Which of the following is the minimum set of test conditions to achieve 100% coverage with the equivalence partitioning test technique?

- A. List with 47 items
- B. List with 0 items, List with 1 item, List with 50 items, List with 51 items, 0 lists saved, 1 list saved, 3 lists saved, 4 lists saved
- C. List with 0 items, List with 25 items, List with 51 items, 3 lists saved
- D. List with 0 items, List with 12 item, List with 58 items, 0 lists saved, 1 list saved, 3 lists saved, 7 lists saved

Explanation:

D is correct as it tests each condition with invalid too low, valid and invalid too high values. A is incorrect because it doesn't consider the list save capabilities and it doesn't test the invalid values for the list. B is incorrect because it is doing BVA which results in too many tests for minimum coverage with EP. C is incorrect because it does not sufficiently test the save feature.

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